An area restriction scheme based on TAC control policy for 5G private network

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Abstract

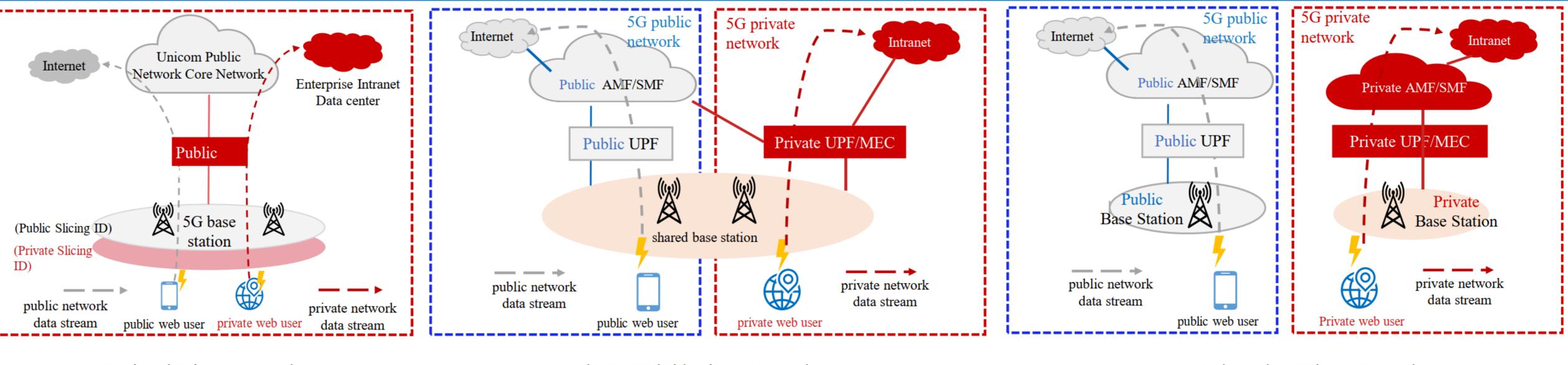
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- We discuss an area restriction technology \bullet based on tracking area code (TAC) control policy for 5G private network.
- We focus on proposing the related 5G lacksquareprivate network area restriction technology.
- A typical application scenario is presented \bullet to demonstrate the effectiveness and safety of the proposed scheme.

Introduction

- Industry users have urgent needs for network coverage quality, latency and stability in the process of accelerating transformation to digitalization and intelligence.
- 5G terminals are free from time and space constraints and can flexibly access enterprise intranet and Internet resources.
- 5G private network should realize smooth connection and interconnection of data within, outside and between parks.





(a) 5G Virtual Private Network

(b) 5G Hybrid Private Networks

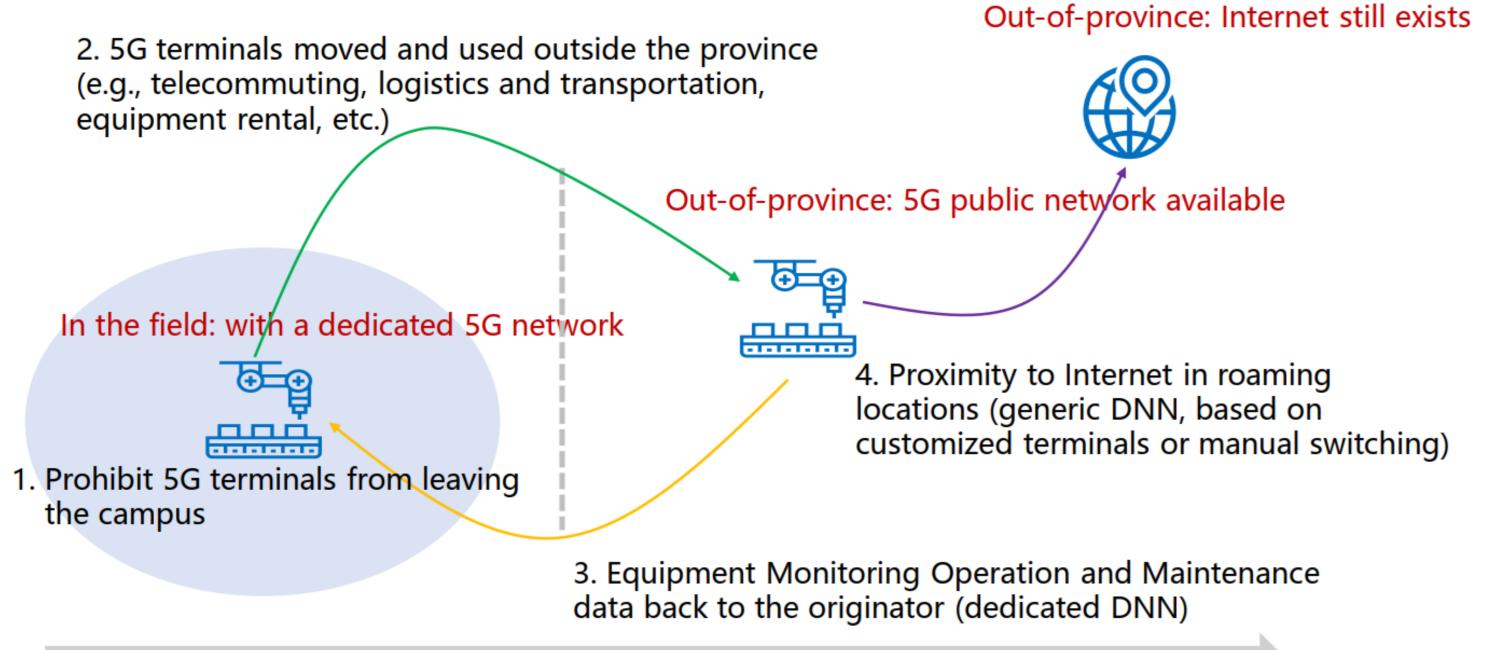
(c) 5G Independent Private Network

Fig. 1. The schematic diagram of 5G private network deployment mode

- China's three major operators publicly released 5G private network white papers in 2020, and all of them adopted similar private network architectures.
- 5G private networks are basically categorized into three types: virtual private network, hybrid private network, and independent private network.

Architecture

• The campus exclusive card is a special 5G IoT card that can strictly control the 5G private network access area. The granularity of its



Scenario Example [One Card to the End]: Wide-area roaming policy is set up in the offline session of the device, and the enterprise intranet is accessed based on the return of the dedicated DNN to the local area.

Fig. 2. Schematic diagram of the park exclusive card

area control can reach the TAC level.

• The new 5G network security quasi-control system includes a 5G access authorization gateway module, a 5G control policy module, and a forwarding system control module.

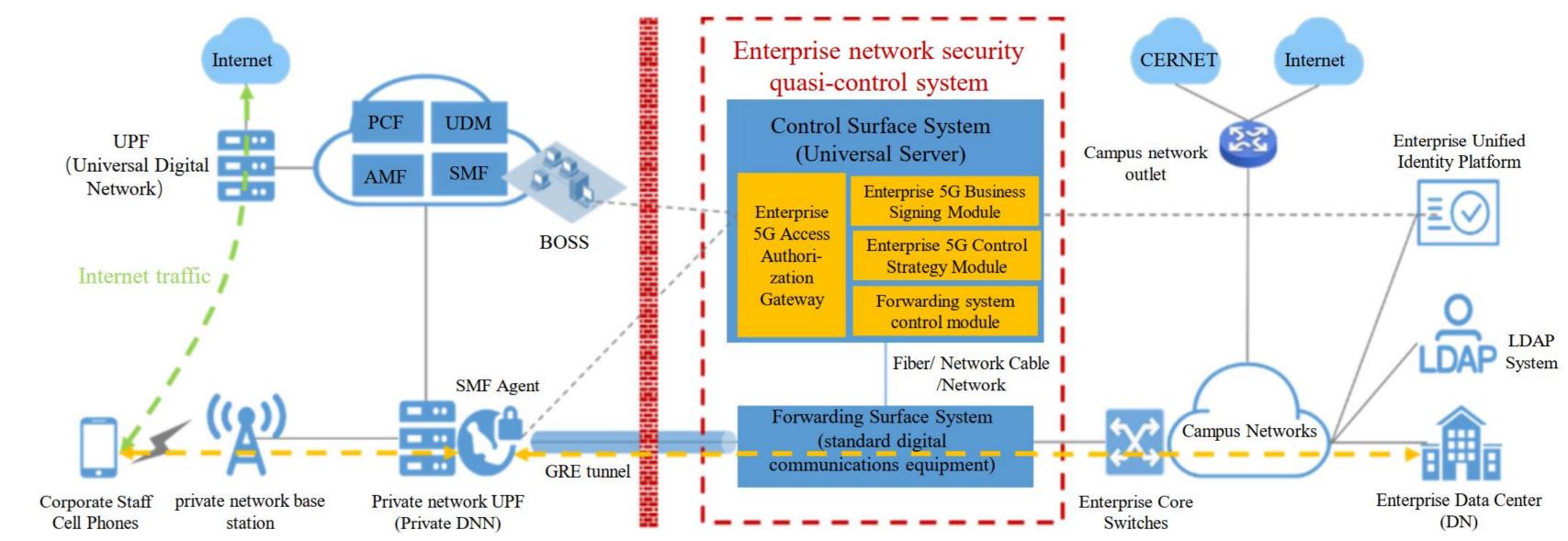
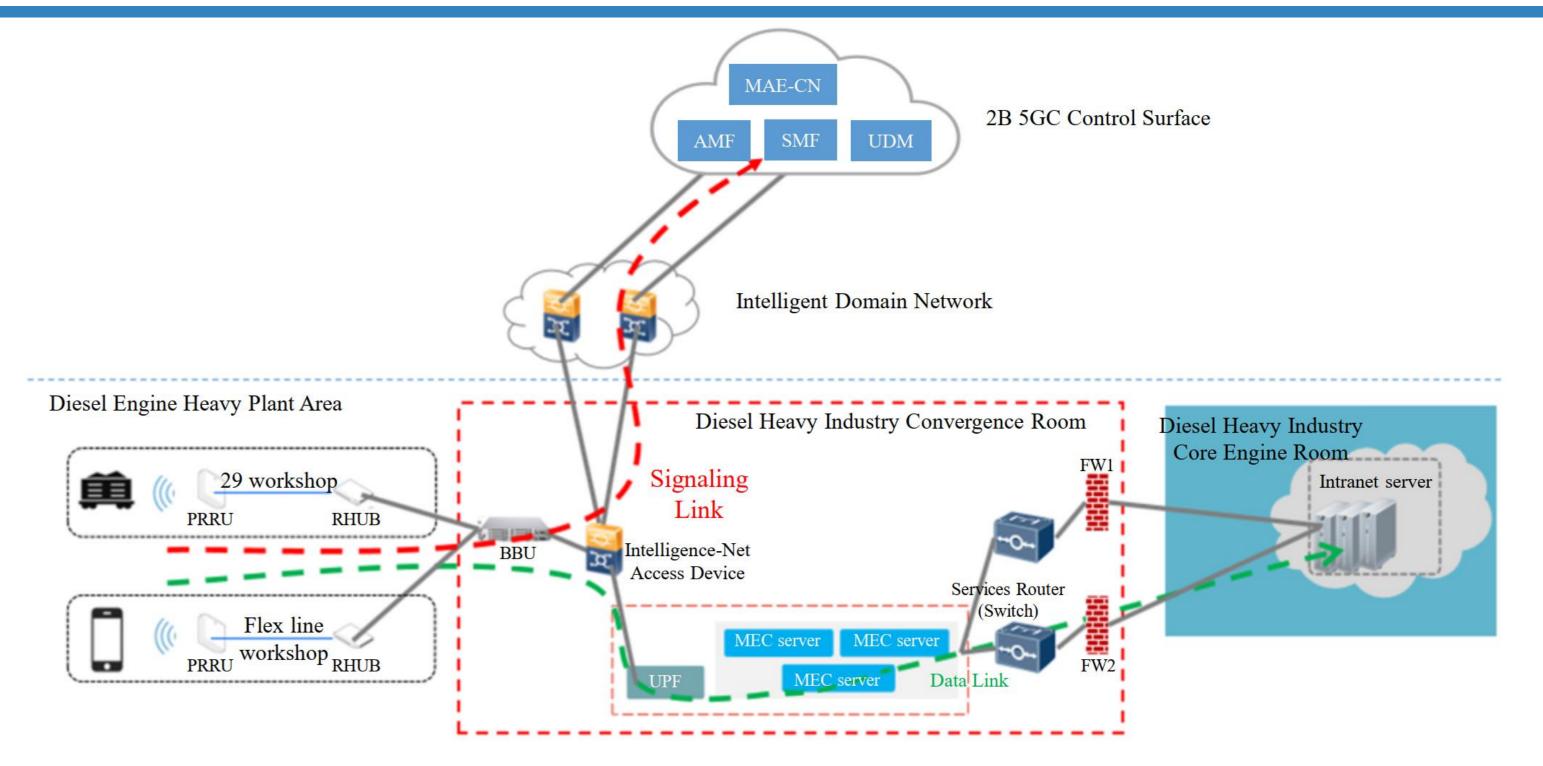


Fig. 3. Comparison of reward values corresponding to different learning rates of the two-level actor-critic algorithm.

Typical Application



- As of the end of May this year, China has built a total of 2.844 million 5G base stations, with more than 2.05 billion mobile IoT end-users.
- 5G applications have been integrated into 60 of the 97 major categories of the national economy, and the number of application cases has accumulated more than 50,000.
- The core network of the project is based on the original 1 set of UPF, 2 firewalls, and 2 switches.
- A pair of firewall side-mounted docking service switches are configured.

Fig. 4. Architecture of a typical 5G private network

Conclusions

- This paper focuses on the field of 5G private network security.
- The technology supports wide-area mobility, and also real-time detection and judgment of whether the connected terminals are accessed within the TAC zone of the private network.